References


References


Donohue SJ, Stitzel RE, Head RJ (1988) Time course of changes in the norepinephrine content of tissues from spontaneously hypertensive and Wistar Kyoto rats. J Pharmacol Exp Ther 245:24-31


References


Heistad DD, Marcus ML (1978) Evidence that neural mechanisms do not have important effects on cerebral blood flow. Circ Res 42:295-302


Hillen B, Drinkenburg BAH, Hoogstraten HW, Post L (1988) Analysis of flow and
a survival factor for developing and adult central noradrenergic neurons. J
Neurochem 81:1318-1327
Iadecola C (1993) Regulation of the cerebral microcirculation during neural activity:
is nitric oxide the missing link? TINS 16:206-214
synthase (NOS) inhibition on pial arterial dilation produced by somatosensory
stimulation and hypercapnia. J Cereb Blood Flow Metab 13 (Suppl):S132-
S136
Isaacson LG, Crutcher KA (1998) Uninjured aged sympathetic neurons sprout in
Itakura T, Okuno T, Nakakita K, Kamei I, Naka Y, Nakai K, Imai H, Komai N,
study of vasoactive intestinal polypeptide- and substance P-containing nerve fibers along the cerebral blood vessels:
comparison with aminergic and cholinergic nerve fibers. J Cereb Blood Flow
Metab 4:407-414
mechanisms in the cerebral circulation. Chichester: Ellis Horwood Ltd pp 48-
63
GM (1997) GFRα2 and GFRα3 are two new receptors for ligands of the
Kageyama GH, Wong-Riley M, (1986) Differential effect of visual deprivation on
cytochrome oxidase levels in major cell classes of the cat LGN. J Comp
Neurol 246: 212-237
cerebral arteries of the cat. Brain Res 773:117-124


factor receptor gene expression by nerve growth factor in the developing peripheral nervous system. J Cell Biol 2:303-312


revealed by immunohistochemistry for the vesicular acetylcholine transporter.

II. The peripheral nervous system. Neurosci 84:361-376


Smith CG (1951) Regeneration of sensory olfactory epithelium and nerves in adult frog. Anat Record 1009:661-671


Suzuki N, Hardebo JE, Kahrstrom J, Owman C (1990a) Neuropeptide Y coexists with vasoactive intestinal polypeptide and acetylcholine in parasympathetic cerebrovascular nerves originating in the sphenopalatine, otic, and internal carotid ganglia of the rat. Neurosci 36:507-519


Wang Q, Kjaer T, Jørgensen MB, Paulson OB, Lassen NA, Diemer NH, Lou HC


