1 Supplementary information for

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3 Trifluoroacetic acid deposition from emissions of HFO-1234yf in India, China,

4 and the Middle East

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25 Figure S1. Annual spatial distribution of HFO-1234yf emission in the three regions in (i) GEOS-

Chem and (ii) WRF-Chem. Grid total HFO-1234yf emissions are also shown in each figure in Gg

27 yr⁻¹. The color bars are in Gg yr⁻¹. The emissions ranges in GEOS-Chem and WRF-Chem are

28 different because the grid sizes are much smaller in the latter than the former.

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31 Figure S2. Monthly variation in HFO-1234yf emissions in GEOS-Chem (solid line with open

circles) and WRF-Chem (dashed line with open triangles) in the three regions - India, China, and

- 33 the Middle East.
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Figure S3. (a) Annual and (b) monthly total precipitation in GEOS-Chem and WRF-Chem in the

37 three domains. GEOS-Chem results are solid line with open circles, WRF-Chem results are dashed

38 line with open triangles, and TRMM observations are solid line with filled diamonds.

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- 41 Figure S4. Seasonal total precipitation (mm) maps in the three domains from GEOS-Chem, WRF-
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- 63 Figure S9. GEOS-Chem and V
- 64 TFA from dry and wet deposit
- 65 the top of each panel gives the



68 Figure S10. Contour maps of annual mean TFA rainwater concentrations in GEOS-Chem and

69 WRF-Chem in the three domains.



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Figure S12. Annual spatial distribution of total HFO-1234yf global emissions as simulated in
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Figure S13. Annual total TFA (a) dry and (b) wet deposition from global HFO-1234yf emissions

80 as simulated in GEOS-Chem.

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Figure S14 Mean surface Criegee intermediate concentration for seven months (January-July)
simulated using GEOS-Chem.

bit 51. The model physics and chemistry options ased in write chem.						
Domain	India	China	Middle East			
WRF Version	4.1.3 (released November2019)					
Simulation period	11/01/2014 - 12/31/2015					
Meteorology	Global Forecast System at 0.5°					
	Observational nudging every 6 hours					
Horizontal resolution	30 km					
Grid points (x, y, z)	205×197×40	315×260×40	297×242×40			
Microphysics	Morrison two-moment scheme					
Short/Longwave radiation	Rapid Radiative Transfer Model (RRTM)					
Land-surface	Noah Unified Land Surface Model					
Boundary layer	Yonsei University					
Cumulus scheme	Grell-Freitas					
Chemical initial and boundary conditions	CAM-Chem and GEOS-Chem					
Chemistry and Aerosol Scheme	MOZART-GOCART					
Biogenic emissions	MEGANv2.04					
Anthropogenic emissions	EDGAR-HTAP					
Wildfire emission	FINNv1.6					

86 Table S1. The model physics and chemistry options used in WRF-Chem.

88 Table S2. Seasonal TFA deposition (dry and wet) calculated from GEOS-Chem and WRF-Chem

89 in India, China, and the Middle East domains.

Seasons	GEOS-Chem		WRF-Chem			
	Dry	Wet	Dry	Wet		
	Gg					
India						
Mar-May	0.798	1.14	0.190	1.37		
Jun-Sep	0.423	1.73	0.259	1.17		
Oct-Nov	0.740	1.11	0.402	1.19		
Dec-Feb	0.972	0.773	0.543	1.39		
China						
Apr-May	0.607	1.07	0.263	1.27		
Jun-Aug	0.629	1.45	0.124	0.956		
Sep-Oct	0.681	1.20	0.124	0.781		
Nov-Mar	0.717	0.711	0.116	0.687		
Middle East						
Apr-Oct	0.632	1.17	0.038	0.730		
Nov-Mar	0.656	0.554	0.167	0.736		