

# catena-Poly[[triaquamagnesium]- $\mu_2$ -malonato]

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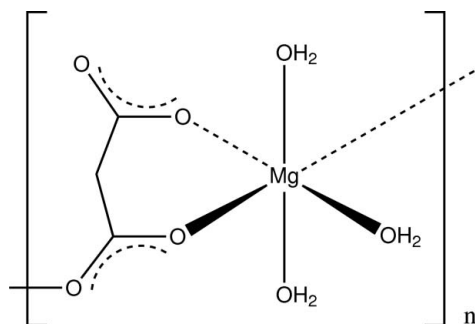
Received 14 November 2013; accepted 19 December 2013

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 150$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.023;  $wR$  factor = 0.061; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.9.

In the title compound,  $[\text{Mg}(\text{C}_3\text{H}_2\text{O}_4)(\text{H}_2\text{O})_3]_n$ , the metal atom is in an octahedral environment. The octahedra are connected by malonate anions, forming chains along the  $c$ -axis direction.  $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds link these chains into a three-dimensional network.

## Related literature

For related divalent metal malonates, see: Walter-Levy *et al.* (1973); Ray & Hathaway (1982); Delgado *et al.* (2004); Zheng & Xie (2004). For the synthesis, see: Delgado *et al.* (2004). For the geometry of coordinating water molecules, see: Ptasiwicz-Bak *et al.* (1999). For the determination of the molecular symmetry, see: Pilati & Forni (1998). For ring puckering analysis, see: Evans & Boeyens (1989).



## Experimental

### Crystal data

$[\text{Mg}(\text{C}_3\text{H}_2\text{O}_4)(\text{H}_2\text{O})_3]$   
 $M_r = 180.40$   
Orthorhombic,  $Pna2_1$   
 $a = 19.8109$  (15) Å  
 $b = 5.9314$  (4) Å  
 $c = 6.0920$  (4) Å  
 $V = 715.84$  (9) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.24$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 150$  K  
 $0.51 \times 0.23 \times 0.07$  mm

### Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII diffractometer  
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 2012)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.618$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.746$

7334 measured reflections  
1603 independent reflections  
1533 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.023$

### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.023$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.061$   
 $S = 1.10$   
1603 reflections  
124 parameters  
1 restraint  
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.25$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.22$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
Absolute structure: Flack parameter determined using 674 quotients  $[(I^+) - (I^-)] / [(I^+) + (I^-)]$  (Parsons *et al.*, 2013)  
Absolute structure parameter: 0.00 (9)

Table 1

Selected bond lengths (Å).

Mg1—O3 <sup>i</sup>	2.0323 (18)	Mg1—O6	2.0706 (15)
Mg1—O5	2.0377 (15)	Mg1—O1	2.0725 (15)
Mg1—O4	2.0700 (16)	Mg1—O7	2.1273 (14)

Symmetry code: (i)  $x, y, z + 1$ .

Table 2

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
O5—H1O $\cdots$ O2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.91 (3)	1.80 (3)	2.701 (2)	170 (3)
O5—H2O $\cdots$ O2 <sup>iii</sup>	0.85 (4)	1.85 (4)	2.678 (2)	165 (3)
O6—H3O $\cdots$ O4 <sup>iv</sup>	0.83 (3)	1.93 (3)	2.759 (2)	175 (3)
O6—H4O $\cdots$ O7 <sup>v</sup>	0.73 (4)	2.11 (4)	2.838 (2)	177 (3)
O7—H5O $\cdots$ O3 <sup>vi</sup>	0.86 (3)	2.11 (3)	2.963 (2)	172 (3)
O7—H6O $\cdots$ O1 <sup>iii</sup>	0.78 (3)	1.93 (3)	2.703 (2)	169 (3)

Symmetry codes: (ii)  $-x + 2, -y + 1, z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (iii)  $x, y + 1, z$ ; (iv)  $-x + \frac{3}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (v)  $-x + \frac{3}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$ ; (vi)  $-x + \frac{3}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: Peakref (Schreurs, 2013); data reduction: Eval15 (Schreurs *et al.*, 2010) and SADABS (Sheldrick, 2012); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXT (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL2013 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: PLATON (Spek, 2009) and DRAWxtl (Finger *et al.*, 2007); method used to prepare material for publication: manual editing of the SHELXL output.

The X-ray diffractometer was financed by the Netherlands Organization for Scientific Research (NWO).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: KJ2236).

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## supplementary materials

*Acta Cryst.* (2014). E70, m25–m26 [doi:10.1107/S1600536813034193]

**catena-Poly[[triaquamagnesium]- $\mu_2$ -malonato]**

Tim de Klijn and Martin Lutz

**1. Comment**

The malonates of the divalent metals Zn, Ni, and Co are isostructural and crystallize as dihydrates in the monoclinic space group  $C2/m$  (Walter-Levy *et al.*, 1973; Ray & Hathaway, 1982; Delgado *et al.*, 2004; Zheng & Xie, 2004). The metals are located on sites with  $2/m$  symmetry, octahedrally surrounded by six O atoms. The water molecules and the malonate ligand have mirror symmetry. Overall, this leads to a two-dimensional coordination network in which the layers are interlinked by  $O-H\cdots O$  hydrogen bonds.

In this context we set out to synthesize the corresponding Mg(II) complex. Interestingly, the title compound is not isostructural to the above mentioned Zn, Ni, and Co complexes but crystallizes as a trihydrate in the orthorhombic space group  $Pna2_1$ . All atoms are located on general positions without symmetry. The magnesium centers are surrounded by six O atoms in a slightly distorted octahedral geometry. Three O atoms are from the deprotonated malonate ligand, and three O atoms are from the coordinated water molecules (Figure 1). The Mg—O distance to O7 is the largest. O7 is donor of two and acceptor of one hydrogen bond. Water O atoms O5 and O6 do not accept hydrogen bonds. According to the definition by Ptasiwicz-Bak *et al.* (1999), water molecule O5 is trigonally coordinated, and water molecules O6 and O7 in tetrahedral direction. The angles between the planes of the water molecules and the O—Mg bonds are  $7(4)$ ,  $29(3)$ , and  $42(3)^\circ$  for O5, O6, and O7, respectively.

While the malonate dianion has no crystallographic symmetry, it still has an approximate mirror symmetry with an r.m.s. deviation of  $0.20\text{ \AA}$  (Pilati & Forni, 1998). By coordination to the Mg, a six-membered chelate ring is formed (Figure 2). According to the algorithm by Evans & Boeyens (1989), the conformation of the ring can be described as linear combination of 75% boat, 23% twist-boat, and 2% chair conformation.

In the title compound, the malonate dianion acts as a bridging ligand, which connects the Mg octahedra into a one-dimensional chain in the direction of the  $c$  axis (Figure 3). This distance between the Mg centers is consequently the length of the  $c$  axis [ $6.0920(4)\text{ \AA}$ ]. The one-dimensional coordination chains are linked by  $O-H\cdots O$  hydrogen bonds into a three-dimensional network (Table 2). All three water molecules act as hydrogen bond donors. The non-coordinated O2 accepts two hydrogen bonds. Each of the coordinated O atoms O1, O3, and O4 accept one hydrogen bond, respectively, and one hydrogen bond is accepted by the water molecule at O7.

**2. Experimental**

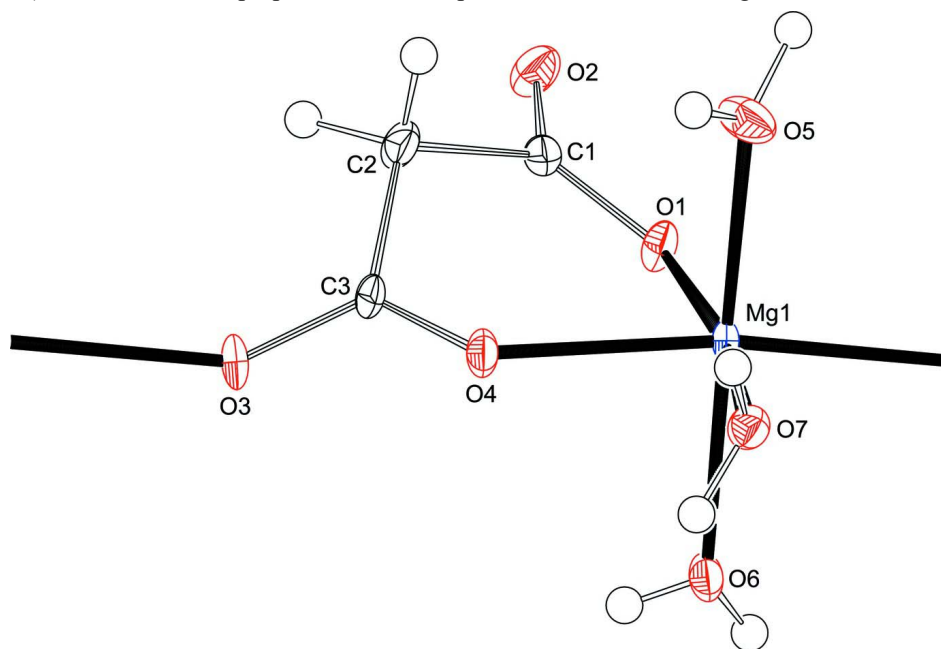
Crystals were prepared according to the method by Delgado *et al.* (2004). 2.15 g (10.0 mmol) of magnesium acetate tetrahydrate (Fluka) were dissolved in 20 ml water. This solution was slowly added to a solution of 1.16 g (11.1 mmol) of malonic acid (Fluka) in 20 ml water. The resulting mixture was concentrated by evaporation at 333 K and normal pressure. After standing at room temperature over night, the crystals were obtained.

### 3. Refinement

The crystal consisted of two fragments and was consequently integrated with two orientation matrices. The two matrices are related by a rotation angle of 8.6 ° about an axis approximately collinear with the *c* axis. Only the non-overlapping reflections were used for the structure refinement.

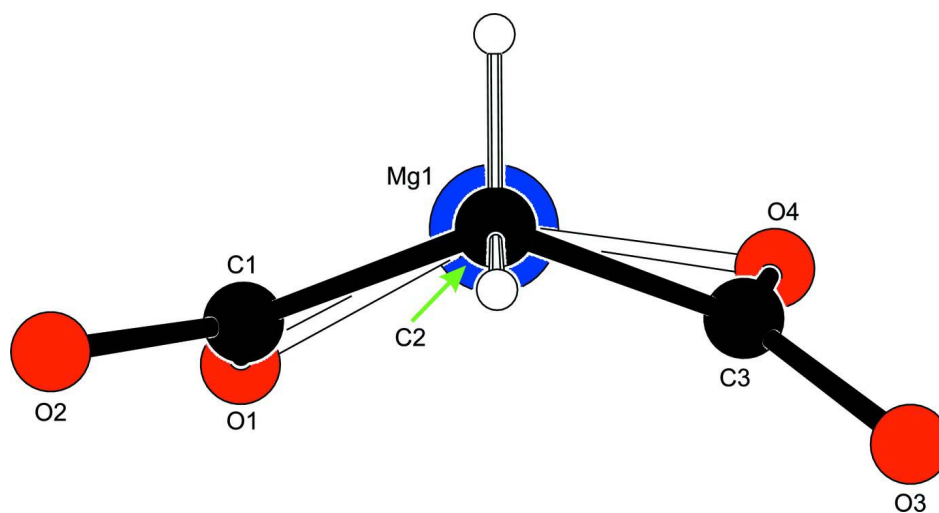
### Computing details

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *Peakref* (Schreurs, 2013); data reduction: *Eval15* (Schreurs *et al.*, 2010) and *SADABS* (Sheldrick, 2012); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXT* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL2013* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009) and *DRAWxtl* (Finger *et al.*, 2007); software used to prepare material for publication: manual editing of the *SHELXL* output.



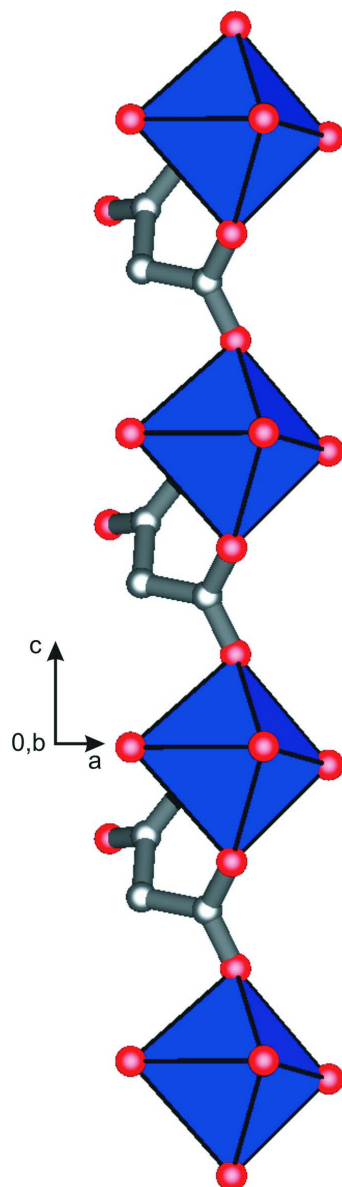
**Figure 1**

Asymmetric unit in the crystal structure of title compound. View along the *b* axis. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. H atoms are drawn as small spheres of arbitrary radii.



**Figure 2**

Puckering of the six-membered chelate ring obtained by the coordination of the malonate dianion to the Mg(II) cation.



**Figure 3**

One-dimensional coordination chain in the direction of the *c* axis.

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*Crystal data*

[Mg(C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>)(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>3</sub>]

$M_r = 180.40$

Orthorhombic, *Pna*2<sub>1</sub>

$a = 19.8109 (15) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 5.9314 (4) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 6.0920 (4) \text{ \AA}$

$V = 715.84 (9) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 376$

$D_x = 1.674 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo *K* $\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 6736 reflections

$\theta = 2.1\text{--}27.6^\circ$

$\mu = 0.24 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 150 \text{ K}$

Irregular block, colourless

$0.51 \times 0.23 \times 0.07 \text{ mm}$

### Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII  
diffractometer

Radiation source: sealed tube

$\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 2012)

$T_{\min} = 0.618$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.746$

7334 measured reflections

1603 independent reflections

1533 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.023$

$\theta_{\max} = 27.5^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 2.1^\circ$

$h = -25 \rightarrow 25$

$k = -7 \rightarrow 7$

$l = -7 \rightarrow 7$

### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.023$

$wR(F^2) = 0.061$

$S = 1.10$

1603 reflections

124 parameters

1 restraint

Primary atom site location: heavy-atom method

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
map

Hydrogen site location: difference Fourier map

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent  
and constrained refinement

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0408P)^2 + 0.0476P]$

where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.25 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.22 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Absolute structure: Flack parameter determined  
using 674 quotients  $[(I^+)-(I^-)]/[(I^+)+(I^-)]$  (Parsons  
*et al.*, 2013)

Absolute structure parameter: 0.00 (9)

### Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Mg1	0.83901 (3)	0.75469 (12)	0.46114 (12)	0.01041 (16)
O1	0.87901 (7)	0.4456 (2)	0.3702 (2)	0.0147 (3)
O2	0.95295 (7)	0.2264 (2)	0.1994 (3)	0.0191 (3)
O3	0.83004 (7)	0.6848 (3)	−0.2136 (3)	0.0169 (3)
O4	0.83378 (6)	0.8126 (3)	0.1265 (2)	0.0145 (3)
O5	0.93242 (7)	0.8953 (3)	0.4907 (3)	0.0213 (3)
H1O	0.9704 (15)	0.838 (5)	0.554 (6)	0.038 (7)*
H2O	0.9365 (14)	1.016 (6)	0.417 (6)	0.037 (8)*
O6	0.73907 (7)	0.6562 (3)	0.4342 (3)	0.0162 (3)
H3O	0.7155 (13)	0.558 (5)	0.494 (5)	0.023 (6)*
H4O	0.7272 (17)	0.641 (6)	0.322 (7)	0.041 (9)*
O7	0.80241 (7)	1.0903 (2)	0.4929 (2)	0.0140 (3)
H5O	0.7656 (14)	1.115 (5)	0.421 (5)	0.024 (7)*
H6O	0.8277 (13)	1.189 (5)	0.471 (6)	0.023 (7)*
C1	0.91739 (8)	0.3990 (3)	0.2095 (3)	0.0128 (4)
C2	0.92180 (9)	0.5614 (3)	0.0138 (3)	0.0177 (4)
H2A	0.9595	0.6678	0.0394	0.021*
H2B	0.9326	0.4735	−0.1198	0.021*
C3	0.85780 (9)	0.6960 (3)	−0.0275 (3)	0.0124 (3)

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Mg1	0.0125 (3)	0.0134 (3)	0.0053 (3)	0.0000 (2)	0.0001 (2)	0.0004 (2)
O1	0.0191 (6)	0.0153 (6)	0.0097 (7)	0.0016 (5)	0.0040 (5)	0.0016 (5)
O2	0.0192 (6)	0.0199 (7)	0.0182 (8)	0.0055 (5)	0.0062 (6)	0.0022 (6)
O3	0.0225 (7)	0.0229 (8)	0.0053 (6)	0.0001 (5)	−0.0014 (5)	0.0012 (6)
O4	0.0175 (7)	0.0187 (7)	0.0072 (7)	0.0033 (5)	0.0002 (5)	0.0009 (6)
O5	0.0163 (6)	0.0232 (7)	0.0245 (8)	−0.0034 (6)	−0.0070 (6)	0.0103 (7)
O6	0.0176 (6)	0.0225 (7)	0.0085 (7)	−0.0062 (5)	−0.0014 (5)	0.0018 (6)
O7	0.0143 (6)	0.0146 (6)	0.0131 (7)	−0.0006 (5)	0.0012 (5)	0.0008 (5)
C1	0.0122 (7)	0.0158 (9)	0.0104 (8)	−0.0011 (6)	−0.0004 (6)	0.0011 (7)
C2	0.0169 (8)	0.0253 (10)	0.0110 (9)	0.0053 (7)	0.0046 (7)	0.0061 (8)
C3	0.0144 (8)	0.0164 (8)	0.0065 (8)	−0.0014 (6)	0.0018 (7)	0.0030 (7)

*Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )*

Mg1—O3 <sup>i</sup>	2.0323 (18)	O5—H1O	0.91 (3)
Mg1—O5	2.0377 (15)	O5—H2O	0.85 (4)
Mg1—O4	2.0700 (16)	O6—H3O	0.83 (3)
Mg1—O6	2.0706 (15)	O6—H4O	0.73 (4)
Mg1—O1	2.0725 (15)	O7—H5O	0.86 (3)
Mg1—O7	2.1273 (14)	O7—H6O	0.78 (3)
O1—C1	1.270 (2)	C1—C2	1.535 (3)
O2—C1	1.244 (2)	C2—C3	1.519 (2)
O3—C3	1.261 (3)	C2—H2A	0.9900
O3—Mg1 <sup>ii</sup>	2.0323 (18)	C2—H2B	0.9900
O4—C3	1.259 (3)		
O3 <sup>i</sup> —Mg1—O5	94.40 (7)	H1O—O5—H2O	117 (3)
O3 <sup>i</sup> —Mg1—O4	171.80 (6)	Mg1—O6—H3O	134.5 (19)
O5—Mg1—O4	93.70 (7)	Mg1—O6—H4O	115 (3)
O3 <sup>i</sup> —Mg1—O6	86.35 (6)	H3O—O6—H4O	98 (3)
O5—Mg1—O6	172.19 (7)	Mg1—O7—H5O	114 (2)
O4—Mg1—O6	85.46 (6)	Mg1—O7—H6O	117.8 (19)
O3 <sup>i</sup> —Mg1—O1	96.53 (6)	H5O—O7—H6O	109 (3)
O5—Mg1—O1	92.20 (6)	O2—C1—O1	123.80 (17)
O4—Mg1—O1	84.41 (6)	O2—C1—C2	116.45 (17)
O6—Mg1—O1	95.45 (6)	O1—C1—C2	119.75 (15)
O3 <sup>i</sup> —Mg1—O7	94.16 (7)	C3—C2—C1	114.27 (14)
O5—Mg1—O7	85.33 (7)	C3—C2—H2A	108.7
O4—Mg1—O7	85.25 (7)	C1—C2—H2A	108.7
O6—Mg1—O7	86.86 (6)	C3—C2—H2B	108.7
O1—Mg1—O7	169.19 (7)	C1—C2—H2B	108.7
C1—O1—Mg1	128.87 (12)	H2A—C2—H2B	107.6
C3—O3—Mg1 <sup>ii</sup>	145.80 (12)	O4—C3—O3	122.26 (16)
C3—O4—Mg1	128.60 (13)	O4—C3—C2	118.72 (17)
Mg1—O5—H1O	129.3 (19)	O3—C3—C2	119.02 (17)
Mg1—O5—H2O	112.6 (19)		



Mg1—O1—C1—O2	160.10 (14)	Mg1—O4—C3—C2	−30.2 (2)
Mg1—O1—C1—C2	−19.6 (2)	Mg1 <sup>ii</sup> —O3—C3—O4	115.7 (2)
O2—C1—C2—C3	150.96 (18)	Mg1 <sup>ii</sup> —O3—C3—C2	−65.3 (3)
O1—C1—C2—C3	−29.3 (3)	C1—C2—C3—O4	55.5 (2)
Mg1—O4—C3—O3	148.73 (14)	C1—C2—C3—O3	−123.53 (19)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x, y, z+1$ ; (ii)  $x, y, z-1$ .

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
O5—H1O $\cdots$ O2 <sup>iii</sup>	0.91 (3)	1.80 (3)	2.701 (2)	170 (3)
O5—H2O $\cdots$ O2 <sup>iv</sup>	0.85 (4)	1.85 (4)	2.678 (2)	165 (3)
O6—H3O $\cdots$ O4 <sup>v</sup>	0.83 (3)	1.93 (3)	2.759 (2)	175 (3)
O6—H4O $\cdots$ O7 <sup>vi</sup>	0.73 (4)	2.11 (4)	2.838 (2)	177 (3)
O7—H5O $\cdots$ O3 <sup>vii</sup>	0.86 (3)	2.11 (3)	2.963 (2)	172 (3)
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Symmetry codes: (iii)  $-x+2, -y+1, z+1/2$ ; (iv)  $x, y+1, z$ ; (v)  $-x+3/2, y-1/2, z+1/2$ ; (vi)  $-x+3/2, y-1/2, z-1/2$ ; (vii)  $-x+3/2, y+1/2, z+1/2$ .